I. Eric M. Hairs	on, declare as follow	vs:
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- 1. I am an Assistant Federal Public Defender for the Northern District of California. I make this declaration in support of Debra Edison's Motion to Quash the Grand Jury Subpoena Served on Michael Thorman. I have knowledge of the facts set forth below and, if called as a witness in this matter, could and would competently testify to them.
- Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of First National Mortgage
   Sources, LLC and George W. Hannah II's Third-Party Complaint for Indemnity by
   Michael Edison, filed in Federal District Court for the Northern District of California on
   March 30, 2007 in the civil matter Jean Phleger v. Countrywide Home Loans et. al., Case
   No. 07-01686 SBA.
- 3. Attached as Exhibit A to the above-referenced Complaint, and therefore also incorporated into Exhibit A to this declaration, is a frue and correct copy of the Complaint filed in San Francisco Superior Court on February 14, 2006 in the civil matter Jean Phleger v.

  Michael Edison; Private Wealth Management Group; and Does 1 through 10, inclusive, Case No. 06449433.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Signed this 14<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2007 in San Francisco, California.

Dated: December 14, 2007

Respectfully submitted,

BARRY J. PORTMAN Federal Public Defender

ERIC MATTHEW HAIRSTON
Assistant Federal Public Defender

# EXHIBIT A

1	CEDRIC C. CHAO (State Bar No. 76045) Email: CChao@mofo.com	:	
2	The state of the s		
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4	MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP 425 Market Street		
5	San Francisco, California 94105-2482 Telephone: (415) 268-7000		
6	Facsimile: (415) 268-7522		
7 8	Attorneys for Defendants and Third-Party Plaintiffs FIRST NATIONAL MORTGAGE SOURCES, LLC and GEORGE W. HANNAH II		
9			
10	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT	
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
12	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
13			
14	JEAN PHLEGER, an individual,	Case No. CV 07-01686 SBA	
15	Plaintiff,	FIRST NATIONAL MORTGAGE SOURCES,	
16	vs.	LLC'S AND GEORGE W. HANNAH II'S THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT FOR	
17	COUNTRYWIDE HOME LOANS, INC. (dba AMERICA'S WHOLESALE LENDER);	INDEMNITY	
18	COUNTRYWIDE BANK, N.A.; RECONTRUST COMPANY, N.A.; FIRST		
19	NATIONAL MORTGAGE SOURCES, LLC; GEORGE W. HANNAH II, an individual; and		
20	DOES 1 through 10, inclusive,		
21	Defendants.		
22	FIRST NATIONAL MORTGAGE SOURCES,		
23	LLC and GEORGE W. HANNAH II,		
24	Third-Party Plaintiffs,		
25	VS.		
-26	MICHAEL EDISON,		
27	Third-Party Defendant.		
28	- A decided and the second of		
	FIRST NATIONAL'S AND GEORGE HANNAH'S THIRD CASE NO. CV 07-01686 SBA sf-2292898	-PARTY COMPLAINT	

Third-party plaintiffs First National Mortgage Sources, LLC ("First National") and George W. Hannah II ("Hannah"), for their third-party complaint herein, allege:

#### JURISDICTION, VENUE, AND INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because the claims herein are so related to the claims in plaintiff's complaint in this action that they form part of the same case or controversy.
- 2. Venue in this district is proper and assignment to the San Francisco Division of this Court is proper, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), because this is part of an action that was removed to this Court from the San Francisco Superior Court.

#### THE PARTIES

- 3. First National is, and at all times mentioned herein has been, a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Kansas, with its principal place of business in Overland Park, Kansas. First National is engaged in the mortgage brokerage business.
- 4. Hannah is, and at all times mentioned herein has been, a resident of the State of Nevada and a sales agent employed by First National.
- 5. First National is informed and believes that third-party defendant Michael Edison ("Edison") may be a resident of the United States Virgin Islands, and is currently in the custody of the United States Marshal within this judicial district. Edison formerly acted as the wealth manager of plaintiff Jean Phleger ("Phleger").

#### NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 6. This action arises out of Edison's alleged stealing of Phleger's money, and Phleger's suit against First National and Hannah, among others, to attempt to recover those losses.
- 7. In February 2006, Phleger sued Edison in the San Francisco Superior Court, alleging that she had retained Edison as her wealth manager, that Edison had obtained mortgage loans in her name, that the proceeds of the loans had been wired to Phleger's and Edison's joint bank account, and that Edison had subsequently converted a portion of those monies in their joint account and fled to the Virgin Islands. A true copy of Phleger's complaint against Edison, in the case of *Jean Phleger v. Michael Edison*, et al., is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

- 8. Six months later, in August 2006, Phleger filed this suit against First National and one of its sales agents, Hannah, among other defendants, in the San Francisco Superior Court, alleging that they were in some manner responsible for Edison's alleged looting of Phleger's and Edison's joint account. Phleger subsequently amended her complaint two times. A true copy of plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint against First National, Hannah, and other defendants (including Countrywide Home Loans, which provided mortgage loans to Phleger) is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 9. If Phleger sustained damages as alleged in her complaints against Edison and against First National and Hannah, those damages were caused entirely by Edison. First National and Hannah in fact had no involvement in Edison's alleged stealing of Phleger's money.
- 10. Hannah first met Edison in June or July 2005. Edison told Hannah that Edison had a number of wealthy clients who desired mortgage loans. Edison asked Hannah to act as the mortgage broker for one of Edison's clients, Phleger, who wished to obtain a mortgage loan in the amount of approximately \$4 million.
- 11. During the summer of 2005, Hannah prepared Phleger's loan applications. Edison and his employees provided information and documents to Hannah for use in preparation of Phleger's loan applications, and obtained Phleger's signature on the completed loan applications. Phleger met with Hannah and confirmed to him that she wished to obtain the loans.
- 12. First National and Hannah are informed and believe that Phleger's mortgage loans which she obtained from Countrywide Home Loans closed and were funded in September 2005. First National and Hannah are informed and believe that a portion of Phleger's loan proceeds were used to pay off her existing loans and/or lines of credit. First National and Hannah are further informed and believe that the remaining loan proceeds, in the amount of approximately \$2.3 million, were wired to a joint account held by Phleger and Edison at Wells Fargo Bank. First National and Hannah are informed and believe that Phleger signed the account documents opening that joint account, in May 2005.
- 13. First National and Hannah had no further involvement with Phleger's loans until the summer of 2006, when Hannah received a telephone call from the risk department at Countrywide FIRST NATIONAL'S AND GEORGE HANNAH'S THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT

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Home Loans, asking him questions about the Phleger loans. Hannah later contacted Edison to inquire whether there had been any problem with the Phleger loans. Edison told Hannah that he could not imagine Phleger not making payments on the loans, but that Edison was no longer handling Phleger's financial matters.

- In August 2006, Phleger filed this suit against First National, Hannah, Countrywide 14. Home Loans, and others, in the San Francisco Superior Court. In her complaint, Phleger sought to hold First National and Hannah responsible for Edison's alleged stealing of money from Phleger's and Edison's joint account. Phleger purported to charge First National and Hannah with conspiracy to defraud, "elder abuse," breach of fiduciary duty, unfair competition, and unjust enrichment, based on fabricated allegations that First National and Hannah had participated in Edison's purported scheme to steal Phleger's money.
- After First National and Hannah demurred to Phleger's complaint, Phleger filed a First 15. Amended Complaint, adding the untrue allegations that First National and Hannah purportedly "knew" of Edison's scheme to steal Phleger's money and intentionally acted in furtherance of such scheme. Phleger's purpose in adding these allegations was to defeat First National's and Hannah's demurrer. Phleger's tactic worked, as the Superior Court overruled the demurrer on the express ground that Phleger had added the allegations of First National's and Hannah's purported knowledge of Edison's scheme.
- As the result of the acts of Edison alleged in this Third-Party Complaint and in 16. Phleger's complaint against Edison and Phleger's complaints against First National and Hannah in this action, First National and Hannah have been forced to incur attorneys' fees and costs in defending against Phleger's claims in this proceeding.

#### **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### (Indemnity)

First National and Hannah reallege and incorporate herein by reference each and every 17. allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through and including 16 of this Third-Party Complaint.

- 18. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between First National and Hannah, on the one hand, and Edison, on the other hand, regarding their rights and legal relations with respect to each other, in that:
- (a) First National and Hannah claim and contend that, under the circumstances alleged herein, if Phleger were to prevail on her complaint against First National and/or Hannah, any loss or damages that First National and/or Hannah may as a consequence suffer would be based solely upon Edison's stealing of Phleger's money and other wrongful acts, and not upon any wrongdoing by First National and/or Hannah;
- (b) First National and Hannah claim and contend that Edison is liable to them, under principles of equitable indemnity, for any loss or damages that First National and/or Hannah may suffer as a consequence of Edison's wrongful conduct with respect to Phleger; and
- (c) First National and Hannah are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that Edison claims and contends to the contrary.
- 19. First National and Hannah desire a judicial determination of the parties' respective rights and legal relations, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, regarding the above issues. Such a declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time so that the parties may ascertain their rights and duties with respect to each other and concerning the above conflicting claims. A declaration by the Court determining which of the conflicting contentions of the parties is correct will terminate the uncertainty and controversy surrounding the parties' rights and obligations, and thus promote the interests of justice.
- 20. Such a declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time in that First National's and Hannah's claim against Edison arises out of the same transactions and series of events that have given rise to Phleger's claims against First National and Hannah, and a judicial determination of all said claims in one proceeding will avoid the multiplicity of actions that would result if First National and Hannah were required to defend against the claims of Phleger and then, if Phleger prevails, seek recovery from Edison for First National's and/or Hannah's loss or damages resulting from Edison's wrongful conduct against Phleger.

# **EXHIBIT A**

	1			
				FILED San Francisco County Superior Court
	1 2	ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE & MAROBERT R. MOORE (BAR NO. 113818) MICHAEL J. BETZ (BAR NO. 196228) Three Embarcadero Center, 12th Floor	ALLORY LLP	FEB 1 4 2006
	3	Three Embarcadero Center, 12th Floor		GORDON PARK-LI, Clerk
	4	Telephone: (415) 837-1515	LNAGEMENT CONFER	BY: Dopwin Alerk
	5	Attorneys for Plaintiff		,
	6	JEAN PHLEGER, an individual JVL	1 4 2006 - 9 g	AM .
	7		DEPARTMENT 212	SUMMONS ISSUED
	8	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	IE STATE OF C	A pom is degenione :
	9	FOR THE COUNTY		+
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	11	JEAN PHLEGER, an individual,	Case No.	EC06449433
	12	Plaintiff.	COMPLAINT F	OR CONVERSION.
	13	vs.	EMBEZZLEME	NT. THEFT. INTENTIONAL
	_	MICHAEL EDISON; PRIVATE WEALTH	MISREPRESEN VIOLATION O	TATION, NEGLIGENT TATION, ELDER ABUSE, F BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS
	15	MANAGEMENT GROUP; and DOES 1	CODE SECTION RELIEF, TEMP	n 17200, Declaratory Orary Restraining
	16	Defendants.	ORDER/PRELI PERMANENT I	MINARY INJUNCTION/
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Plaintiff Jean Phleger ("Phleger"), a 67-year-old widow, brings this complaint against Edison and Private Wealth Management Group ("PWMG") for conversion, embezzlement, theft, intentional misrepresentation, negligent misrepresentation, elder abuse, violation of Business & Professions Code section 17200, declaratory relief, temporary restraining order/preliminary injunction/permanent injunction.

#### **PARTIES**

- Plaintiff Jean Phleger is an individual primarily residing at 2728 Green
   Street, San Francisco, California (the "Green Street Residence").
- 2. Defendant Michael Edison ("Edison") is an individual, and is the Chairman of Defendant Private Wealth Management Group, who at all times relevant herein conducted business in San Francisco County, California.
- 3. Defendant Private Wealth Management Group ("PWMG") holds itself out as a limited liability company with offices in Scottsdale, Arizona and Henderson, Nevada, which at all times relevant herein conducted business with Phleger in San Francisco County.
- 4. Phleger is ignorant of the true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, and therefore sues these Defendants by such fictitious names. Phleger will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Phleger is informed and believes and thereon allege that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Phleger's damages as herein alleged were proximately caused by such Defendants.
- 5. Phleger is informed and believes, and upon such basis alleges, that at all times herein mentioned, each of the Defendants herein was an agent, servant, employee and/or joint venturer of each of the remaining Defendants, and was at all times acting within the consent and scope of such agency, service, employment and/or joint venture. Further, the acts of each Defendant, as an agent or employee for each of the remaining Defendants, were ratified by said remaining Defendants.

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# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. Defendants' intentional acts evidence the maintenance of certain minimum contacts with the State of California in that these intentional acts are knowingly and expressly directed at the Phleger by the Defendants and, as a result of those express and intentional acts, the State of California, including but not limited to the County of San Francisco, becomes nexus of Defendants' actions and the resulting harms suffered by Phleger. Phleger is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all times, the Defendant knew or should have knew the harms caused by the Defendants' actions would be suffered by Phleger in the State of California, including but not limited to the County of San Francisco. Phleger is further informed and believes and thereon alleges that the Defendants engage in a substantial amount of commerce within the State of California, County of San Francisco.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Court as governed by California Code of Civil Procedure section 395 that provides when none of the defendants reside in the state, the action may be tried in the Superior Court in any county that the plaintiff may designate in his or her complaint.
- 8. Venue is further proper in this Court as governed by California Code of Civil Procedure section 395.5 that provides for a corporation to be sued in the county where liability arises.

# BACKGROUND ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 9. Phleger, a 67-year old widow, owns a home on Green Street in San Francisco.
- 10. As of May 2005, there was an existing line of credit with Wells Fargo on the Green Street Property, in an amount of approximately \$1,000,000.
- 11. In or about May 2005, Defendant Michael Edison ("Edison") met with Phleger after a referral through a family member. Edison explained to Phleger that he could pay off the existing Wells Fargo line of credit and obtain a new and increased line of credit on which Phleger could live.

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- 12. Edison said that he would do the line of credit work "pro bono" as a courtesy to the family.
- 13. Phleger then signed documents, which she believed allowed Edison a limited right to pay off the existing Wells Fargo line of credit and obtain a new and increased line of credit on which Phleger could live.
- Unbeknownst to Phleger, Edison failed to simply pay off the existing line of 14. credit but, rather, obtained a new loan from Wells Fargo, the proceeds of which he deposited into a joint checking account in a San Mateo County branch office of Wells As of August 31, 2005, the balance of that Wells Fargo account was \$409,299.74. Phleger did not receive the joint account bank statements; instead, they were sent to Edison.
- 15. In August, 2005, Edison called and stated to Phleger that he was unable to pay-off the existing Wells Fargo line of credit and obtain a larger line of credit. Instead, he stated he would obtain another line of credit from Countywide Mortgage Company from which he would pay-off the Wells Fargo line of credit. To consummate this transaction, Edison stated he needed Phleger to sign new documents. He then flew to New York where Phleger was vacationing so she could sign the Countywide documents. When Edison put the documents in front of Phleger, she was medicated for back pain and did not have counsel review the documents..
- In or about September 2005, Edison telephoned Phleger, and informed her 16. that he successfully obtained a larger equity line of credit with Countrywide Mortgage Company. Edison told Phleger that he and PWMG would pay her bills and draw upon the Countrywide line of credit as she directed him to do..
- 17. In or about December, 2005, Phleger learned that Edison was not paying bills when creditors began contacting Phleger and demanding that various outstanding bills be brought current. At one point, the electricity company turned off Phleger's power because of non-payment. Because Edison was purportedly paying Phleger's bills with the line of credit, she became suspicious and immediately demanded that Edison explain what

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was being done with the existing line of credit. Edison failed to provide any explanation for his actions, and refused to provide documentation or any other information explaining 2 what he had done or what he was doing to manage Phleger's assets and pay her bills as 4 promised. In fact, Phleger came to learn that Edison had not obtained a higher equity line 5 of credit as represented to Phleger. Instead, in February 2006 Phleger learned that on or about September 23, 2006, Edison knowingly and without Phleger's authorization obtained a mortgage in the amount of \$3,300,000, and a home equity line of credit in the amount of \$550,000 secured by Phleger's assets. The \$3,850,000 was wired into an escrow account.

- 18. On the same day - September 23, 2005 - the amount of \$2,306,713.79 was wired from the escrow account into the Wells Fargo bank account Edison held jointly with Phleger. That amount constituted the proceeds from the mortgage and home equity line of credit mentioned in paragraph 17 above.
- 19. After September 26, 2005, Edison began writing checks and withdrawing funds from the joint Wells Fargo account. During the period from September 20 to October 18, 2005, Edison wrote checks against the joint account in amounts totaling approximately \$430,000. That amount includes checks totaling in excess of \$375,000 made payable directly to Defendant PWMG.
- On or about October 17 and October 31, 2005, Edison caused to be 20. transferred from the joint account the amounts of \$250,000 and \$300,000, respectively, into his private Wells Fargo bank account. Phleger is not an account holder, is not named on the account to which those funds were transferred and did no authorize the transfer.
- 21. On or about November 1 and November 3, 2005, Edison caused to be transferred from the joint account the amount of \$1,500,000 into his private Wells Fargo Brokerage account. Phleger is not and account holder and is not named on the account to which those funds were transferred.
- In less than four months, as a result of Defendants unauthorized transfer of 22. funds to his personal account, the balance of the joint Wells Fargo account had dropped from \$2,306,713 to a mere \$2,668.42.

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- 23. As of January 31, 2006, the principal balance on the home equity line of credit for which Phleger is liable was \$548,712.58 and \$3,299,629.95 on the mortgage. 2
  - Phleger has demanded that Edison return the money to the joint account 24. and/or pay off the mortgage and home equity line of credit with Countrywide Home Loans. Edison has failed and/or refused to do either, and has failed to return phone calls, emails and faxes demanding that he return the funds.
  - On information and belief, it is believed Edison is in the process of closing 25. his offices in Scottsdale, Arizona and Henderson, Nevada, and is in the process of leaving the United States for the British Virgin Islands.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Conversion Against All Defendants)

- Phleger realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 25 as 26. though fully set forth herein.
- 27. Phileger alleges that Defendants wrongfully converted Phileger's assets for their own benefit, in amounts believed to be in excess of two million dollars.
- 28, Phleger has demanded payment from Defendants, and Defendants have failed and/or refused to pay Phleger.
  - 29. Defendants retained Phleger's assets for Defendants' benefit.
- 30. Defendants have no right or title to these assets, and has wrongfully exercised dominion and control over those assets.
- 31. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Phleger has been damaged in an amount in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court, to be proven at trial.
- 32, The forgoing conduct of Defendants was undertaken with oppression, fraud, or malice, and Phieger is entitled to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

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#### 1 SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION 2 (Embezzlement Against All Defendants) 3 33. Phleger incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 32 as though 4 fully set forth herein. 5 34. By Defendants' conduct as described above, said Defendants embezzled assets belonging to Phleger. 6 7 35. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Phleger has been damaged in an amount in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court, to be proven 9 at trial. 10 36. The forgoing conduct of Defendants was undertaken with oppression, fraud, or malice, and Phleger is entitled to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial. 12 THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION 13 (Theft Against All Defendants) 14 37. Phleger incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 36 as though fully set forth herein. 16 38. By their conduct as described above, said Defendants committed theft of funds belonging to Phleger. 17 18 39. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful acts, Phleger has 19 been damaged in an amount in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court, to be proven at trial. 20 40. The forgoing conduct of Defendants was undertaken with oppression, fraud, 21 or malice, and Phleger is entitled to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial. 22 23 FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Intentional Misrepresentation Against All Defendants) 24 25 41. Phleger realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs I through 40 as though fully set forth herein.. 26 27 28

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42. In 2005, Edison represented to Phleger that he would obtain a higher line of credit, pay Phleger's bills by drawing down on that higher line of credit and provide funds to supplement her income.

- 43. At the time Edison made the representations set forth above, Edison knew the representations to be false. Phleger is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the representations were made by Edison with the intent to induce Phleger to sign a power of attorney allowing Defendants control over Phleger's assets.
- 44. At the time the representations were made and the Phleger took the actions herein alleged, Phleger was ignorant of the falsity of the representations and justifiably relied upon said representations because they were made by Defendants. Furthermore, Phleger could not in the exercise of reasonable diligence have discovered the falsity of the representations. In reliance on the representations of Edison, Phleger signed a power of attorney and allowed Defendants to exercise control over Phleger's assets. If Phleger had known of the falsity of the representations of Defendants, Phleger would not have taken such action.
- 45. As a direct and proximate result of Phleger's justifiable reliance upon the aforementioned representations, Phleger did not and could not, with the exercise of reasonable diligence, discover the true facts surrounding the misrepresentations. It was not until February 2006 when Phleger first discovered that Defendants' representations were false.
- Phleger has been damaged by her reliance on the representations and 46. fraudulent conduct of Defendants. Phleger is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the true nature and extent of the damages that they suffered is presently unascertained, but in excess of \$2 million dollars. Phleger will seek leave to amend this Complaint to allege the true nature and extent of the damage when ascertained.
- 47. Phleger is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the conduct of defendants in making misrepresentations was malicious, wanton and willful, and justifies an award of punitive damages.

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Negligent Misrepresentation Against All Defendants)

48. Phleger realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 47 as though fully set forth herein.

 49. In 2005, Edison represented to Phleger that he would obtain a higher line of credit, pay Phleger's bills by drawing down on that higher line of credit and provide funding to supplement her income.

50. At the time Edison made the representations set forth above, Edison knew or should have known the representations to be false. Phleger is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the representations were made by Edison with the intent to induce Phleger to sign a power of attorney allowing Defendants control over Phleger's assets.

51. At the time the representations were made and the Defendants took the actions herein alleged, Phleger was ignorant of the falsity of the representations and justifiably relied upon said representations because they were made by Defendants. Furthermore, Phleger could not in the exercise of reasonable diligence have discovered the falsity of the representations. In reliance on the representations of Edison, Phleger signed a power of attorney and allowed Defendants to exercise control over Phleger's assets. If Phleger had known of the falsity of the representations of Defendants, Phleger would not have taken such action.

52. As a direct and proximate result of Phleger's justifiable reliance upon the aforementioned representations, Phleger did not and could not, with the exercise of reasonable diligence, discover the true facts surrounding the misrepresentations. It was not until February 2006 when Phleger first discovered that Defendants' representations were false.

53. Phleger has been damaged by her reliance on the representations and fraudulent conduct of Defendants. Phleger is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the true nature and extent of the damages that they suffered is presently unascertained,

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- 63. As part of Defendants' efforts to induce Phleger to enter into a financial consulting relationship, Defendants represented that they would only obtain an expansion of the existing line of credit, pay bills and pay related administrative expenses.
- 64. Thereafter, Defendants obtained in excess of a \$3 million loan collateralized by Phleger's assets without her permission or consent.
- 65. Defendants' conduct as set forth above constitutes unfair and/or fraudulent business acts and/or practices.
- 66. The unfair and/or fraudulent business acts or practices described herein present a continuing threat to Phleger and all other similarly situated in that Defendants will continue their unlawful conduct in an effort to induce third parties to contract with Defendants and thereafter convert their assets for their own use. Phleger and others similarly situated will suffer permanent, irreparable injury to their businesses and property unless these actions are restrained and enjoined. Phleger therefore seeks injunctive relief, restitution, disgorgement and other appropriate damages to be proven at trial.

#### **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### (Declaratory Relief Against All Defendants)

- 67. Phleger realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 66 as though fully set forth herein.
- 68. A real and actual controversy has arisen and now exists between Phleger and Defendants regarding their rights and obligations to Phleger's assets.
- 69. Phleger therefore desires an expedited judicial termination of the parties' respective rights, liabilities and obligations, and a declaration as to the propriety of the rights and obligations to and owing from the parties.

# NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Temporary Restraining Order/Preliminary Injunction/Permanent Injunction

# Against All Defendants)

70. Phleger incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 69 as though fully set forth herein.

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1	71. Unless restrained and enjoined by the Court, Phleger will be irreparably
2	harmed. Furthermore, Defendants will remain in control of and deplete Phleger's assets at
3	a rate and in a manner not permitted by law.
4	72. Injunctive relief is also necessary to prohibit Defendants from taking further
5	action which is not in the best interests of Phleger.
6	73. Injunctive relief is also appropriate to prevent a multiplicity of actions.
7	Unless restrained and enjoined, Phleger will have to bring successive actions each time
8	Defendants unreasonably deplete Phleger's assets.
9	74. Phleger is therefore entitled to a temporary restraining order and preliminary
10	injunction restraining Defendants from withdrawing or transferring funds from any bank,
11	brokerage, or other accounts from which Defendants have transferred funds rightly
12	belonging to Phleger.
13	<u>PRAYER</u>
14	WHEREFORE, Phleger prays for relief as follows:
15	1. A temporary restraining order, restraining Defendants from withdrawing or
16	transferring funds from any bank, brokerage, or other accounts from which Defendants
17	have transferred funds rightly belonging to Phleger;
18	2. An Order to Show Cause why a preliminary injunction should not issue,
19	enjoining Defendants from withdrawing or transferring funds from any bank, brokerage, or
20	other accounts from which Defendants transferred funds rightly belonging to Phleger;
21	3. That Phleger be awarded general damages in an amount to be proven at trial;
22	4. That Phleger be awarded consequential damages in an amount to be proven
23	at trial;
24	5. That Phleger be awarded punitive damages in an amount to be proven at
25	trial;
26	6. For recoverable attorneys fees and costs of suit pursuant to statute; and,
27	7. Such further relief as the Court may deem proper and just.

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COMPLAINT

1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
2	Phleger hereby demands a trial by jury.		
3			
4	Dated: February 14, 2006	ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE & MALLORY LLP	
5			
6	e e e	By: Mobert P. Moore	
7		ROBERT R. MOORE Attorneys for Plaintiff JEAN PHLEGER, an individual	
8	<i>*</i>	JEAN FILEDEN, all midivious	
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